

OSTEOPATHY MAY BE MADE LEGAL

Bill Introduced in Legislature Today to Legalize the Practice.

MONEY FOR UNIVERSITY

Bill to Compel Uniformity on the Subject of Vessel Ownership.

NEW APPORTIONMENT GOSSIP

Madison, Wis., Jan. 17.—In the assembly this morning Mr. Lenroot introduced a bill creating a commission of three to confer with the Minnesota legislature for the purpose of securing uniformity of legislation upon the subject of vessel taxation.

The commission is required to report to the legislature within thirty days, giving the result of its action and submitting a draft of such bill as may be agreed upon between the Wisconsin and Minnesota legislatures, under the present Wisconsin law vessels are taxed as personal property on the ad valorem basis.

Mr. Lenroot's bill is only preliminary to a measure to tax vessels on a tonnage basis. He suggests three cents per gross ton as a fair rate.

For the State University.
A bill fixing the appropriations for the state university was introduced in the assembly this morning by Frost. It asks an increase of \$36,000 in income making a total of \$316,000 and in addition \$240,000 for new buildings, \$175,000 for a central agricultural college and \$85,000 for equipping the new engineering building, machine shops, etc.

To Legalize Osteopathy.
In the senate a bill to legalize the practice of osteopathy in the state was introduced by Senator Roehr of Milwaukee. It provides for a state board of five examiners, osteopathic physicians whose certificate shall be necessary in order to practice the science. They are not to pose as medical practitioners and the law provides that they shall not prescribe drugs.

NEW LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS.

Growth in the Northern Part of State May Necessitate Radical Changes.

Madison, Jan. 17.—Up to the present time but little has been heard about the apportionment of senate and assembly districts, though some sweeping changes will be made in Northern Wisconsin on account of the shifting of the population, and the rapid immigration in that part of the state in the past few years. If Northern Wisconsin is to have smaller districts as the greater population would seem to demand, it will make necessary districts larger in the southern part of the state.

Attack on Orton Law.

Judge Orton and others interested in taxation are waiting for the expected attack on the Orton law passed at the last session. It is not known what the insurance company will ask but that it will try to modify the law is a foregone conclusion. Under the provisions of the Orton law the Northwestern paid something over \$240,000 last year. It is believed that it will try to cut the amount down to about \$175,000, which was the amount the company agreed to pay as a compromise during the fight of two years ago.

Trouble for the Lobby.

There is trouble in the air already for the street railway lobby. Senator Mills' bill, repealing the law under which the companies now pay a fee in lieu of other taxes, which was in-

troduced last night, seeks to put them where they were some years ago and make their property subject to assessment and taxation as other property is. The street railway companies have strongly resisted such bills at the last two sessions and will no doubt use every endeavor to kill this one.

Gov. Scofield's Pardons.
It is expected that Governor LaFollette today will send to the legislature a long list of the pardons granted by ex-Governor Scofield during the past two years, according to custom. The list will be along one.

Monument for Soldiers.
Assemblyman Philo A. Orton today introduced in the assembly a bill providing for the erection of a monument on the battlefield of Shiloh in honor of the soldiers of the Fourteenth, Sixteenth and Eighteenth Wisconsin regiments. The bill is being urged for passage by the members of those regiments. The monument will cost about \$20,000.

DEMANDS VERDICT IN FIRST DEGREE

Attorneys Open Closing Arguments in the Bossichter Murder Case This Morning.

Paterson, N. J., Jan. 17.—The arguments in the Bossichter case opened this morning. The prosecuting attorney opened. He declared that he had proven that the girl was given knockout drops and assaulted while dying. He demanded a first degree murder verdict.

Paterson, N. J., Jan. 17.—Sensational testimony was brought out in the examination of witnesses in the trial of McAllister, Campbell and Death, charged with the drugging and murder of Jennie Bossichter. The bottle found near the scene of the crime was produced, and Prof. Witthaus, a New York chemist, testified that the liquid contained therein was chloral hydrate and that on making an examination of the body of the young woman he found that her death was caused by the use of that drug. Detective Titus testified that Death admitted that the young woman had been drugged and that McAllister had put "knock-out drops" in the glass used by her. During the testimony of Detective McInerney, during which he said Death had confessed to him, the prisoner in question became very excited, springing to his feet and shouting: "You lie, you lie!" He was quieted by his attorneys and summoned to the stand. He told of his arrest, but said nothing about his conversation with the police. The prosecution then closed its case.

FORTY THOUSAND CLUB

Madison People Organize to Increase the Population to That Number.

Madison, Wis., Jan. 17.—A 40,000 population club was organized by the Madison business men last night. J. W. Groves was elected president, Dr. Clark Gaper, vice president; T. G. Murray secretary, and John Grinde, treasurer. The purpose of the club is to increase the population of the city to 40,000. The members have various schemes for the advancement of the city's interests. The club proposes, among other things, to distribute a large amount of advertising printed matter showing the advantages of Madison as a summer resort.

KRUGER MAKES CONDITIONS.

Will Come to America if the President Will Receive Him Officially.

London, Jan. 17.—Mr. Kruger is undecided whether to visit America. He will do so, it is said, if assured that President McKinley will receive him officially as the president of the Transvaal. He is willing to make the trip if he can be satisfied that his visit will tangibly help the Boers. He tells his friends that he has reason to hope for the czar's moral support. The operation on Mr. Kruger's eyes although slight, will necessitate absolute quiet for some time.

EX-GOV. SCOFIELD WILL SHORTLY ISSUE A PUBLIC STATEMENT

He Will Show That on July 1, 1900, the State Treasury Showed a Balance of \$1,291,874.14, and Not a Dollar of Debt.

Milwaukee, Jan. 17.—Major Scofield, the lumberman, formerly governor of Wisconsin, and Major Upham, also at one time chief executive, sat together this afternoon on a leather couch in the lobby of the hotel Pfister and gossiped quietly about the past, occasionally discussing the outlook for hemlock, in which both are interested, for Upham is also a lumberman and manufacturer. Both ex-governors are watching with interest the course of events at Madison, and will have nothing to say at the present time, for publication, at least, preferring to wait until the reform machinery is in full motion.

Major Scofield, according to the Oshkosh Northwestern, which has suddenly become a La Follette organist of the first magnitude, says Scofield was placed in an awkward position before the people owing to the publication a day or two before his retirement from office of a statement showing that the finances of the state were in a first-class condition, and that

there was a large sum in the treasury, when, as a matter of fact, according to the figuring of Governor LaFollette and the Northwestern, the state is really in debt.

In regard to this the ex-governor said that some one had been juggling with the truth, and that this someone was not the person who represented that the state treasury contained a handsome balance. However, he was not ready at this time to make a reply but would do so at his convenience, which would probably be within a few days, and that he would then convince anyone who was not prejudiced, by figures and authorities that were indisputable, that all of the claims that had been made at the close of his administration were correct.

He will shortly put in writing a statement showing among other things that on July 1, 1900 the general fund showed a balance of \$1,291,874.14, without a dollar of debt anywhere, which was a remarkable thing for the state.

EX-GOV. MOUNT DIES OF HEART FAILURE

WAS ONE OF INDIANA'S TRIO OF "FARMER GOVERNORS."

Had a Record as a Brave Soldier in the Civil War—News of His Death Brings Great Sorrow to Many—His Health Impaired by Hard Work While Governor.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 17.—James A. Mount, who retired, who retired from the office of governor of the state of Indiana, died very suddenly at 6:45 o'clock last night in his apartments at the Denison hotel. He had attended a reception given by Mrs. Mount during the afternoon and shortly after the guests departed started out for a walk. Upon his return he said nothing about being ill and after removing his hat and overcoat sat down to read. In a few minutes he said to his wife and niece:

"I am sick; it's my heart. Send for a doctor at once."
Could Not Revive Him.
Dr. O. S. Runnels was called and found those in attendance at Mr.



JAMES A. MOUNT.
Mount's bedside chafing his feet and hands in an effort to revive him. He knelt down and listened for a heart beat and rising on his feet, said: "You can do nothing more for him. He is dead."

During the forenoon Mr. Mount visited the office of his former private secretary and was in consultation with him for several hours. In the afternoon he made a speech before the Indiana Wool Growers' association and was elected president of the association and again spent some time with Colonel Wilson.

During his term of office Gov. Mount was attacked several times by fainting spells, but none of them was serious. Col. Wilson who was in the office with him during his term of office, said today:

Was Worked to Death.
"Governor Mount was worked to death. His close application to the duties of his office impaired his health, and until some of the burden is removed from the shoulders of the governors of Indiana the exactions of the office will kill anybody."

Mr. Mount was born in Montgomery county, Ind., in 1843. At the breaking out of the Civil war he enlisted in the Seventy-second regiment, Indiana volunteers, and later was a member of the renowned Wilder brigade. At the close of the war he settled on a farm in Montgomery county. Gov. Mount was a republican and one of the most distinguished men of the party in the state. In 1888, in a democratic district, he was elected senator by a majority of 600 votes and in 1896 he was elected governor by the largest plurality ever given in Indiana.

TRANSVAAL BOERS GATHER FOR WAR

ADVANCING HOSTS LOOTING IN THE CAPE COLONY.

General Dewet Has Crossed the Vaal River, Which Means the Concentration of Over 7,000 Well Armed Boers with Several Guns for Another Big Attack.

London, Jan. 17.—Lord Kitchener reports a force of three thousand Boers concentrated at Carolina in the eastern part of the Transvaal. Colville's brigade drove off the Boers near Van Tond's Poek with heavy loss.

Boers Loot Sutherland.
Capetown, Jan. 17.—The invading Boers have occupied and looted Sutherland in the southern part of the colony. It is reported here that Kitchener is preparing a coup to drive the Boers out of the Colony.

The British cruiser Sybil is reported wrecked in Lambert's Bay. The report says that the crew was saved.

Dewet Has Crossed the Vaal.
Johannesburg, Jan. 17.—It is stated that General Dewet has crossed the Vaal River and joined the commandoes in the Transvaal.

The report, if true, probably means the concentration of 7,000 Boers with several guns for another big attack. There is a rumor current in Cape Town that several Boer leaders are urging an attack upon the mines. It has long been understood that General Dewet has been anxious to join the invaders in Cape Colony, and this rumor may be spread to cover an attempt to break southward.

Boers Deceive in Khaki.
As an outcome of the fact that the Boers in several instances have worn khaki a government notice has been promulgated in Pretoria prohibiting civilians from wearing khaki, and notifying who wear this costume, which is likely to be mistaken for the British uniform, that they will render themselves liable to arrest and imprisonment.

The response to the government's call for volunteers is said to be brisk in both London and the provinces.

Seven thousand men have joined the city guard in Cape Town and 3,000 others have volunteered in the suburbs.

Another Big Gun Mounted.

Cape Town, Jan. 17.—An additional gun has been mounted in a blockhouse on Table Mountain.

Twenty-Five Are Drowned.

Island of Mauritius, Jan. 17.—The French steamer arriving here reports the loss of the British steamer Kalsari off Unicorn. Twenty-five were drowned.

Invitations to a Wedding.

Evansville, Wis., Jan. 17.—Invitations have been received here for the wedding of Hattie May France and Robert W. Campbell of Chicago. Miss France lived in Evansville the most of her life and is the daughter of Mrs. Antoinette France, who was also a prominent resident of the city. The marriage is to occur in Chicago on Wednesday, January 23, at the home of the bride 353 1/2 Park ave.

The ladies of the Century Heart club and their husbands met at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Dooley Wednesday evening. The time was very pleasantly spent in playing hearts. The first prizes were won by D. W. Hayes and Mrs. McCue, and the consolation prizes by Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Schmidley. After the card playing refreshments were served to which the gentlemen did full justice.

HAVE NO USE FOR POPULISM.

Newly Elected Senators in Colorado and Idaho Are Democrats.

Denver, Col., Jan. 17.—Thomas M. Patterson, senator-elect from Colorado, says that there is no place for populism in the political map of the country. Mr. Patterson presided over the last national convention at Sioux Falls, S. D., and his remarks are significant. He was formally elected United States senator yesterday and in a speech he said:

"I can see no present hope for the triumph of the principles of the Kansas City platform except through the democratic party."

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 17.—In a speech delivered today before the joint assembly of the legislature Senator-elect F. T. Dubois formally declared himself a democrat and expressed his intention of going into the Democratic caucus at Washington immediately upon taking his seat in the United States senate and thereafter affiliating with that party in the national congress.

LARGE AUDIENCES AT ST. MARY'S

The Early Morning Services as Well as the Later, Completely Fill the Church.

The very large audiences continue at St. Mary's church where a week's mission is in progress under the direction of the Jesuit priests, Father Mulconny and Father Shyne. Last night all of the seating space was occupied in the body of the church, the sanctuary was filled and even the steps of the altar. Father Mulconny spoke on Confession conveying the idea that it was the symbol of sorrow for sin and the sign of a sincere impulse toward amendment.

The church was filled at this morning's early service; also at the 8:30 service. Father Shyne will speak this evening on the Gateway to Eternal Life and Father Bach of Jefferson will assist.

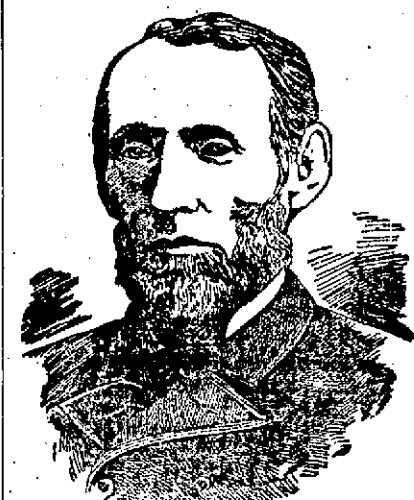
The subject of tomorrow's 5 o'clock service will be the League of the Sacred Heart. Father Mulconny will officiate at 8:30. A great deal of interest is shown by the visiting fathers in the children of the society.

Chances Against the Fight.

Cincinnati, Jan. 17.—The noisy crusade against the Jeffris-Rublin fight seems to be over, but the opponents of the fight are still at work quietly. Betting here is two to one that the fight will not be pulled off.

W. T. Dooley spent the day in Stoughton on business.

SENATOR CULLOM WINS A VICTORY



SENATOR CULLOM.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 17.—All the candidates for senator today withdrew in favor of Shelby M. Cullom who will be the unanimous choice of the legislature.

PERIL OF WARFARE WITH VENEZUELA

The Warship Scorpion is Ordered to Quarango to Protect American Property.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—Force will be employed by the United States to prevent illegal expulsion of the New York and Bermudez company from its asphalt possessions in Venezuela.

"Marines" will be landed to aid the company's men in holding the concession if the situation warrants it, and the North Atlantic squadron, consisting of two battleships under the command of Rear Admiral Farquhar, is held in readiness to proceed at an instant's notice to re-enforce the Scorpion, now in Venezuelan waters.

Bloodshed will be averted if possible, though it is apparent that events are hurrying on to a clash of arms, and this catastrophe can only be prevented by the abandonment by the Venezuelan government of the policy of expelling the company, which it evidently is determined to pursue.

Officials of the administration do not conceal their concern over the situation in Venezuela. Unofficial, though reliable advices were received here today announcing that the revolution is increasing at Guanaco and the government is preparing to gain possession of the arms of the New York and Bermudez company.

NORCROSS SAYS IT IS A FAILURE

Municipal Ownership of Electric Light Plants Is Not a Success.

WHAT AN EXPERT SAYS

Address Before Northwestern Electrical Association in Session in Milwaukee.

ONE OBSTACLE IS POLITICS

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 17.—Phiny Norcross of Janesville, president of the Northwestern Electrical association, in his address to the convention yesterday afternoon pointed out what he believes to be the one insurmountable objection to municipal ownership. He said in part:

Address by Mr. Norcross.

"Aside from figures and details, there is, to my mind one insurmountable obstacle to city ownership and continued successful operation of electric plants. All city officers must be elected by the people at large; as a rule, they never have been, and probably never will be, elected for their fitness to discharge the various duties which they so willingly assume. I readily concede that in many instances they are honest, intelligent, public-spirited men, and if they could remain in office long enough, and could afford to give up their own business and devote their energy and time to the city business, they would soon become competent to perform the duties incident to their positions. They are nominated and elected by their friends and that fact alone prevents such a discharge of their duties as they would themselves desire; but outside of those who are honest and intelligent, a great many are nominated for the sole reason that they cannot be elected when nominated.

"We are now called upon in the matter of taxation. Many persons believe that none of the existing corporations are paying their proper proportion of the public expense. We cannot speak for others, but we believe that electric companies are paying more than their share.

Open Books for Inspection.

"Instead of treating us as enemies to the public welfare, we should be treated as men who are engaged in the laudable effort of endeavoring to promote and enlarge one of the most useful industries known in the history of civilization. I would suggest as one way of reaching a better and fairer understanding between the local companies and the municipalities and states, that we promptly and honestly open our books to the inspection of the new board of taxation in this state, or to an inspector of that board, if such an officer should be appointed.

"We, as well as other taxpayers, cannot entirely overlook the fact that the disbursements for the state of Wisconsin in the year 1899, were in round numbers \$2,574,227; while the disbursements for the year 1898 were \$2,708,582.

"It is barely possible that the state is open to some criticism in the expenditure of funds, as well as the owners of property for evading the proper assessment of their property."

Program for Today.

Three papers were read today. The first of these is on "Synchronous Converters," by Professor W. E. Goldsborough of Purdue university.

(Continued on Page 8.)

GREAT BRITAIN IN FEAR OF AMERICA

Lord Roseberry Sounds the Alarm—Commercial War Against England.

London, Jan. 17.—The earl of Roseberry, responding to a toast to his health last evening at the annual banquet of the Wolverhampton chamber of commerce, spoke of the great commercial warfare being waged against England.

"The chief rivals to be feared," said his lordship, "are America and Germany. The Americans with their vast and almost incalculable resources, their acuteness and enterprise and their huge population, which will be 100,000,000 in twenty years, together with the plan they have adopted for putting accumulated wealth into great co-operative syndicates or trusts for the purpose of carrying on this great

commercial warfare, are perhaps the most formidable.

"On the other hand the Germans, with their calculating and conquering spirit and the energy with which they seize and use the best and most economical methods, are but little less redoubtable than the Americans.

"The Americans scarcely satisfied with gigantic individual fortune, use these by combination to make of capital a power which, wielded by one or two minds, is almost irresistible and, if this power is concentrated against Great Britain in trade warfare, it will be a danger that we cannot afford to disregard.

"A trust of many millions might compete with any trade in England, underselling all of her products at a considerable loss.

The Twentieth Century Cook.

"Arrah, thin, yez'll be after gettin another c-o-ook!"

The last word ended in a shrill howl, followed by the crash of falling dishes. Mr. Browne looked across the table at his wife, and she, in turn, fixed her eyes on her plate. Out in the kitchen Miss Anastasia was calling Bridget's attention to the fact that the breakfast was not only late, but positively uneatable. Miss Anastasia was a capable housekeeper. She had run things for her brother previous to his marriage, and now the young couple found her absolutely indispensable. She came to the door with a rather set face.

"I've dismissed Bridget," she announced, with her customary calmness.



THE TYPE WE ALL KNOW.

Mrs. Browne gave a cry of dismay. "Where shall we find another?" she exclaimed.

Anastasia drew herself up with dignity. "Leave that to me," she said. "The state of affairs in that kitchen was something awful. Now, I have had enough of uneducated emigrants. I am going out in the kitchen to get you two some coffee, and tomorrow, Alexis, you will find a new maid in charge."

On the stroke of 10 Miss Anastasia entered the office of the Educated Cook Ladies' union. She was met by an austere female, who put to her questions as to her age, whether she was single or married, her brother's business, annual income, number of children and number of animals in the house, number of evenings and afternoons on which company was entertained, etc. After these had been answered satisfactorily she was dismissed and told that a member of the organization would call in the evening at 8.

Promptly on the stroke of the hour the new maid appeared at the Brownes' apartment. She was small and vivacious, with a businesslike look and a determined eye. After she had given her name as Mary Flint and answered a few questions Miss Anastasia asked, with her customary politeness, whether she was satisfied, to which Mary Flint answered, with dignity: "I belong to the Cook Ladies' Protective union. We have investigated your character and that of the house, and we find both proper. The hours of work, as you have no doubt been informed at the union, are from 7 in the morning until 8 at night, with from 2 to 4 in the afternoon for my sewing and other personal matters, and the time for my meals deducted making it practically a ten hour day."

"Yes, so I have understood. The new way—housework to be put on the same plane with other labor—is an excellent idea. I believe in it myself," commented Miss Anastasia. "Now, you will come tomorrow in time to prepare breakfast."

"At 7," the new servant corrected.

"Ahem! At 7," repeated Miss Anastasia.

Next morning on the stroke of the hour Mary Flint put in her appearance. Her first act after inspecting the kitchen was to take from her pocket a small and neatly printed card, which she tucked over the stove, after which she commenced operations. It was 9 minutes after 8 when the Brownes came to breakfast, and they found it all neatly laid out for them—stone cold. Miss Anastasia rang the bell for Mary, who, after listening quietly to what she had to say, asked her to step into the kitchen and read the card over the stove. It proved to be a schedule of the Cook Ladies' union, and in plain letters was written:

How the Brownes Tried an Educated Servant.

"8:00—Breakfast put on table.
"8:45—Table cleared.
"9:00—Dishes washed and put away."

Miss Anastasia did not stop to read any more, but rushed back to eat her breakfast. "You know, it's the new way," she explained. "If we want educated labor, we must be on time for our meals." And little Mrs. Browne agreed with her. Mr. Browne said nothing, but meekly ate his cold potatoes.

All through the morning Mary Flint worked with a degree of energy which was wonderful to behold. After a stolen look at the card Mrs. Browne and Miss Anastasia seated themselves at the lunch table promptly on the stroke of half past 12 and were rewarded by a well cooked hot lunch.

"She's a treasure," declared Miss Anastasia, her mouth full of a particularly appetizing concoction.

Punctually at 2 the kitchen was clean and deserted. Mary sat in her room sewing. The doorbell rang once, twice, three times. No answer. Mrs. Browne ran out from her room.

"Mary," she called, "some one at the door!"

"I beg pardon," came the polite answer, "but you forget that from 2 to 4 are my free hours."

There was nothing for Mrs. Browne to do but open the door herself. At half past 3 the Van Twilliers called, and at a quarter to 4 Missie Bender dropped in for a little chat.

"You will have to hire another girl to answer the doorbell in the afternoon," commented Miss Anastasia.

"But where shall we put her in the flat?" inquired Mrs. Browne anxiously. "And I'm afraid Alexis can't afford to keep two servants."

When Mr. Browne came home, he brought with him a college friend to whose society Anastasia was by no means averse, so she flew to put on her most charming gown. Now, the dinner hour on the schedule was 6, and little Mrs. Browne, foreseeing that there would be some delay, was much afraid lest the experiment of the cold breakfast would be repeated, so she sneaked into the kitchen and by cajolery and bribing persuaded Mary to delay the soup somewhat. Therefore it was thanks to her that when the family arrived at the table a trifle late (it lacked one minute to half past 6) the first course was brought on steaming hot. Everything was well cooked and correctly served. Miss Anastasia was at her best, and the friend was seriously considering many things as he gazed at her between mouthfuls. After the salad there was a pause. Nobody noticed it at first because every one was chattering and having a good time. Suddenly Mrs. Browne exclaimed: "Dear me! Why doesn't Mary bring on the salad?"

Miss Anastasia rang. No answer. She excused herself and disappeared. She found the kitchen silent and deserted. It was spotlessly neat. Every



ARE WE COMING TO THIS? pan and dish had been washed and put away. The stove shone like a mirror. The clock ticked away cheerfully, and the hands pointed to 8. Miss Anastasia's cheeks grew pale as she gave a hasty glance at the card back of the stove. It read:

"7:30—Wash dishes and clean kitchen.
"8:00—Retire."

The Brownes now have a Japanese servant. He is an immigrant and uneducated, but he salutes to the ground every time he meets Mrs. Browne or Miss Anastasia, and he does not work on schedule time. MAUD ROBINSON.

COURTESY ON ONE'S OWN PREMISES

Neither Humane Nor Well Bred to Keep Chance Callers Shivering on the Porch.

The best place in the world to display courtesy is at your own front door. The woman who may call at 8 a. m. with a package in her hands is not necessarily a canvasser and probably not a pauper. She is entitled to just as much consideration as if she came later. There is to be considered the old Biblical injunction concerning the stranger within the gates, with the possibility suggested of entertaining angels unawares.

It shows neither good morals nor good manners to keep a caller standing on an exposed porch on a cold, blustering morning, declining to admit her till she explains her business. If she is a woman accustomed to dealing with refined people she will not explain it under those conditions, and it is just possible you may be the loser thereby.

Tour of All Mexico

in Pullman's finest Compartment Drawing Room, Library, Observation and Dining Cars—all vestibuled—with the celebrated open top car "Chililiti" for observation in the mountains and canons and dining car in the tropics.

A delightful trip of 33 days, with three circle tours in the tropics of the South of Mexico and a visit to the Ruined Cities.

All exclusive features of these itineraries of leisurely travel and long stops—The Special Train starts Tuesday, January 22, from Chicago.

Tickets include all expenses everywhere. These select limited parties will be under the special escort and management of The American Tourist Association, Reau Campbell, General Manager, 1423 Marquette Building, Chicago.

Itineraries, maps and tickets can be had on application to agents of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul R'y.

An Aristocratic Bullseye

The most perfect toy bulldog in the world is no doubt Fauvette. She has attracted the notice of more than one noble and royal personage. Her mistress is Miss Elizabeth Marbury, the well known dramatic agent and the American representative of the Societe des Auteurs et Compositeurs Dramatiques. Miss Marbury calls Fauvette "her little leading

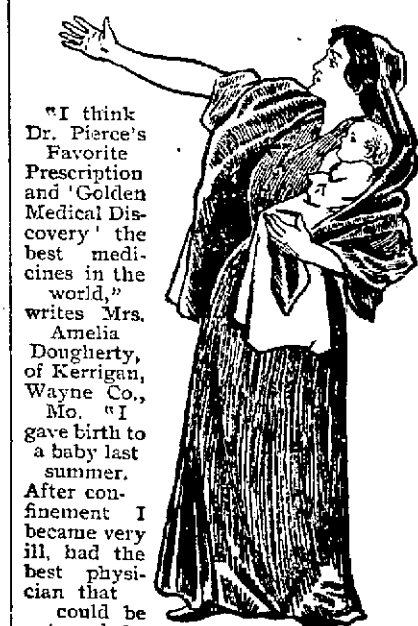


FAUETTE.

lady," and she has refused many tempting offers to part with her. There was one in particular from the Grand Duke Alexis, who was so anxious to own her that he offered \$700.

Fauvette has received so many prizes in her short life that it is a wonder that her small head is not turned. However, she adopts none of the airs of canines of high degree, but is thoroughly friendly and so democratic that she receives with equal good grace the caresses of the elevator man at the theater and the attentions of people of quality.

"I lingered between life and death."



"I think Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' the best medicines in the world," writes Mrs. Amelia Dougherty, of Kerrigan, Wayne Co., Mo. "I gave birth to a baby last summer. After confinement I became very ill, had the best physician that could be got, and he diagnosed my case as uterine trouble tending to dropsy. Medicine seemed to do me no good. I lingered between life and death for quite a while, every day growing weaker until I could not walk across the room. My friends were looking for my death every minute. A friend wrote and told me about Dr. R. V. Pierce, and I at once wrote to him for medical advice. He replied immediately, giving me full instructions as to what to do. I at once followed his advice, and when I had taken his medicine about a week I felt a good deal stronger. When I had taken it about one month I felt as strong as I do to-day. I took four bottles of each kind and two vials of 'Pleasant Pellets.' Many thanks for the medicine. It has permanently cured me."

DRAPER'S DECORATION.

Our Former Minister to Italy Has Been Honored by Victor Emmanuel.

Victor Emmanuel II, the new king of Italy, must have somewhere in his royal heart a soft spot for Americans, for he has just given to General William F. Draper, the retiring United States ambassador to the Italian court, the grand cordon of the Order of Sts. Maurice and Lazarus. This is one of the highest orders of Italian nobility and is given to



Photo, copyright, by W. M. Wires, Lynn, Mass.

GENERAL WILLIAM F. DRAPER.

General Draper as a token of appreciation of the former ambassador's services. Owing to the provision of our constitution that no person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever from any king, prince or foreign state, this mark of regard was deferred until our ambassador retired from his office. As he is now simply a private citizen, there is no bar to his acceptance of the honor.

General Draper has been a conspicuous success as a diplomat, and his resignation was caused by the pressure of his business interests, which are great. He is a millionaire, the head of one establishment and the director in at least 20 others. His fortune has been gained in the cotton manufacturing business. General Draper gained his title during the civil war, which he entered at 19. He came out of the struggle with the commission of a brevet brigadier general. During the Spanish war he again offered his services to the president, but they were fortunately not needed.

General Draper's career as a diplomat has been ably assisted by his beautiful and accomplished wife. She is a member of the famous Kentucky Preston family, and her father was United States minister to Spain during the administration of President Buchanan. Mrs. Draper is a brilliant conversationalist and an able linguist. She is the second wife of the ex-ambassador.

FAVORITE ENGLISH WRITER.

Miss Rhoda Broughton Has Just Celebrated Her Sixtieth Birthday.

Miss Rhoda Broughton, one of the favorite women novelists of the English speaking world, recently celebrated the completion of her sixtieth year. Miss Broughton is by birth a Welshwoman.



Photo by Bassano, London.

MISS RHODA BROUGHTON.

but most of her life has been passed in England. Unlike so many other authors, Miss Broughton did not begin her literary career when a child. She herself says that she did not write a line until she was 22, when her ambition was aroused by reading a novel written by a girl not much older than herself. In 1863 she wrote her first novel, "Not Wisely, but Too Well," which was published in an Irish magazine in 1865. After that her success was rapid, and the sale of her books is steady wherever English is read, although the newer novelists have, of course, crowded her out to a great extent. Miss Broughton has written about 20 novels in all, among them being "Cometh Up as a Flower," "Second Thoughts," "Dr. Cupid," "Serila or Charybdis," and "Mrs. Smith of Longmans." Her home is at Oxford, England, the university town.

The Difference.

"Oh, well, you prude, I don't care for your kisses!"

"Sour grapes!"

"You needn't send me any over the telephone, either."

"Sour currents!"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SHORT LIVED HONOR.

Alabama's Acting Governor Has Just Had to Vacate.

Alabama differs from most of the other states of the Union in that she has no lieutenant governor, and this fact caused some slight comment recently, for Wil-



Photo by Chambers, Montgomery, Ala.

WILLIAM D. JELKS.

liam J. Sanford, the governor elect, was too ill to assume his office on Dec. 1, 1900, when his term began. He nevertheless took the oath of office on what was expected to be his deathbed. Thereupon the general assembly of the state passed a law providing that the president of the senate should act during the governor's disability. The president of the senate is William D. Jelks, a young newspaper man of Eufaula, Ala. Recently, however, Governor Sanford recovered sufficiently to assume personally the control of his office. He is one of the most distinguished, prominent and best liked men of his state, and his recovery was hailed with great satisfaction. In justice to Mr. Jelks, however, it must be said that he made a very satisfactory governor for the short time in which he occupied the gubernatorial chair. Alabama has shared fully in the industrial revival in the south and is one of the most prosperous states south of Mason and Dixon's line.

Wright Sails for Manila.

New York, Jan. 17.—The United States transport Wright, which has been some time fitting out for Manila, to be used as a dispatch boat and store ship, sailed for the Orient today.

The tramp question in the United States has been a most serious one ever since the introduction of railroads. It is estimated that no less than 10,000 are carried nightly on trains and that 10,000 more are waiting to steal a ride at the same time. One of the eastern roads has taken a firm stand in the matter and has equipped a special police force for the purpose of preventing trespassing.

LOSS OF MEMORY



is often derived from an unlooked for source—the kidneys. Odorous urine or that which scalds or stains is an infallible proof that you are progressing towards Bright's Disease or one of the other forms of kidney trouble all of which are fatal if permitted to grow worse.

MORROW'S KID-NE-IDS

will arrest the disease and under most solemn guarantee effect a cure where it is possible by human means.

WISCONSIN people cured by Kid-ne-ids. In writing them please enclose stamped addressed envelope.

Mrs. Joseph Wolf, 1638 Grand ave. Racine
Mrs. James Hutchinson, 1034 9th st. Racine
Mrs. S. E. Minor, 734 Racine st. Racine
Mrs. C. A. Rose, 1602 Phillips ave. Racine
Wm. Whiffen, 719 New York st. Sheboygan
L. T. Hansen, 728 Michigan ave. Sheboygan
Charles Hansen, 814 New York ave. Sheboygan
Mrs. E. L. Kimball, 180 Linn st. Janesville
Mrs. J. W. Kimball, 8 N. High st. Janesville
Mrs. A. H. Taylor, 60 Prospect ave. Janesville
John A. Kollman, 316 Division st. Kenosha
Mrs. H. W. Minkie, 717 Dayton st. Kenosha
Mrs. Thomas Sayles, 353 Quincy st. Kenosha

Morrow's Kid-ne-ids are not pills, but Yellow Tablets and sell at fifty cents a box at drug stores.

JOHN MORROW & CO., SPRINGFIELD, O.

THE CLEANSING AND HEALING CURE FOR CATARRH

is Ely's Cream Balm

Ely's Cream Balm is Ely's Cream Balm. It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. It opens and cleanses the nasal passages. Alleviates inflammation. Heals and protects the membrane. Restores the senses of taste and smell. Large Size, 50 cents. At Druggists or by mail. Trial Size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 50 Warren Street, New York.

Cook's Dutchess Tablets.

Are successfully used by over 10,000 Ladies; are prepared by a old and experienced physician. Ladies ask your druggist for Cook's Dutchess Tablets, as they are the only safe and reliable medicine known. Price, \$1. By mail, \$1.00. Send 4 cents postage for Free Sample and full particulars. Address: The Cook Company, Room 3, No. 253 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich. Sold in Janesville by R. J. Saray.

An Innovation in Travel CHICAGO & ST. AUGUSTINE ...SPECIAL...

Much to the discomfort of Southern tourists there has never been through sleeping cars or through coaches run from Chicago or any other point north of the Ohio river, to Florida without charge. Commencing January 14, 1901 however, the SOUTHERN RAILWAY and connecting lines will place in service a SOLID VESTIBULED TRAIN consisting of composite baggage car, pullman sleeping cars, dining car, and observation car, running through from Chicago to St. Augustine, Fla., without charge, via Cincinnati, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Macon, Jessup and Jacksonville on the following schedule.—Daily except Sunday:

Leave Chicago 12:00 Noon
Leave Cincinnati 8:40 P. M.
Arrive Jacksonville 7:30 P. M.
Arrive St. Augustine 8:30 P. M.

This train between Chicago and Cincinnati will run on alternate days over the Monon and C. & D.; Pennsylvania; and Big Four.—Leaving Chicago on Mondays and Thursdays via the Monon, on Tuesdays and Fridays via the Pennsylvania, and on Wednesdays and Saturdays via the Big Four. South of Cincinnati the route will be over the beautiful Queen & Cressent to Jacksonville, and Florida East Coast to St. Augustine.

Parties living outside of Chicago can make sleeping car reservation as far in advance as desired by addressing Ticket Agent of any of the lines mentioned above or Mr. Geo. B. Allen, A. G. P. A. Southern Railway, Louisville, Ky., or J. C. Bear, Jr., N. W. P. A. Southern Railway, 225 Dearborn Street, Chicago Ill.



Stover Gasoline Engines.

are the most economical, the most durable and the best designed engine for electric lighting, pumping, grinding, and running all kinds of machinery. From 2 to 12 horse power. For prices and estimates write to

J. C. SHULER,

Electrical and Engine Repair Shop, 61 West Milwaukee Street.

WILSON LANE, Attorney.

STATE OF WISCONSIN—Circuit Court—Rock County. Nellie Tuttle plaintiff, vs. Edward Tuttle, defendant.

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after the date of this summons exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid, and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint.

WILSON LANE, Plaintiff's Attorney.

P. O. address, Janesville, Rock County, Wisconsin 2307d

STATE OF WISCONSIN—County Court for Rock County.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular term of the County Court to be held in and for said county at the Court House, in the city of Janesville, in said county, on the first Tuesday being the 15th day of Feb., 1901, at 9 o'clock a. m., the following matter will be heard and considered:

The application of Chester H. Miller for the appointment of a trustee to carry out the trusts created in and by the last will of Emily Alvis, late of the city of Janesville, in said county deceased.

Dated December 27th, 1900.

By the Court, J. W. SALL, County Judge.

thusde27d3w -

AN ORDINANCE relating to the installation and maintenance of metallic return circuits for conveying electricity used as a motive power for railroads and street railways.

The Mayor and Common Council of the City of Janesville do hereby ordain, enact and establish the following:

Sec. I. Every person, firm or corporation, operating, owning or controlling a railroad or street railway within the city of Janesville, upon which cars are now, or hereafter shall be operated or propelled by electricity as the motive power with a grounded return circuit for conveying electricity, shall install and maintain a metallic return circuit of such cross section and conductivity for conveying the electricity so used as a motive power that the maximum difference of potential will not at any time exceed one volt between any part of such metallic return circuit and any water pipes, gas pipes, telephone or telegraph cables or other metals not installed for the purpose of forming a part of such metallic return circuit, and that there will not be a variation in difference of potential exceeding one half volt between any two measure points at the same time at points along and upon said metallic return circuit within a distance of three hundred feet or less from each other, such metallic return circuit shall be installed and maintained in accordance with the provisions of any ordinance of the city of Janesville, now or hereafter in force.

Sec. II. Such metallic return circuit shall be installed and in use on or before the first day of July 1901.

Sec. III. Any person, firm or corporation violating the terms of this ordinance, or who fails, neglects, or refuses to comply therewith shall upon conviction thereof be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than fifty dollars; and such person, firm, or corporation shall be deemed guilty of a separate and distinct offense for every day during which such person, firm or corporation violates, fails, neglects or refuses to comply with any or all of the requirements of this ordinance.

Sec. IV. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication, which publication shall be for three successive days.

Passed Jan. 7th, 1901.

Approved, VICTOR P. RICHARDSON, Mayor.

A. E. BADGER, City Clerk.

tjnsd3dd

IF YOU HAVE ANY thing you want to buy or sell, let the public know it through our Want Column.

LATE TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

THE RIVER BILL IS PASSED. CENSORSHIP IS ESTABLISHED.

It Carries Slightly Less Than \$60,000,000.

PRACTICALLY AS LAUNCHED.

The Senate Fixes a Time to Vote on the Army Organization Bill and the Pending Amendments—Allen on West Point Men.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—The river and harbor bill, after drifting about on the legislative shoals in the House for a week, was wafted into the haven of passage practically as launched by the committee on rivers and harbors. Efforts to secure a yeas and nays vote on its passage, and a motion to recommit, however, were unavailing, so no record exists of individual action on the measure. An amendment offered by Mr. Mann (Rep., Ill.), directing a survey to be made for two turning basins in the Chicago river was vigorously advocated by Messrs. Mann and Boutelle, and antagonized by Mr. Burton, on the ground that Chicago had not yet taken steps to lower the tunnels under the river, so that a depth of twenty-one feet in the channel may be secured. The amendment was rejected. Without further material change the bill was reported to the House—185 to 2.

Mr. Cushman (Rep., Wash.) moved to recommit the bill to the committee on rivers and harbors—lost; and a demand for yeas and nays received support from but six members. On the passage of the bill, Mr. Sulzer (Dem., N. Y.) asked the yeas and nays, but only thirteen members supported the demand and it was refused. The announcement of the passage of the bill was received with applause on the floor.

A message from the President was read, transmitting a recommendation from the Secretary of Agriculture that a forest reservation be secured in Western North Carolina, Eastern Tennessee, and adjacent states in the Appalachian mountain range.

Action of the Senate.
The Senate reached an agreement, by unanimous consent, to vote on the army organization bill and the pending amendments at 4 o'clock Friday. At the suggestion of Mr. Teller (Ill., Colo.), assented to by the military committee, the section empowering the President to place on the retired list officers suspended from duty, either by sentence of a court martial or by executive order, was struck out of the bill. Mr. Allen addressed the Senate in general hostility to the bill. He considered it entirely and radically wrong, wrong in its policies, wrong in its purpose, wrong in the details of its provisions, and constitutionally wrong in many respects. In the course of his speech Mr. Allen deprecated the constitutionality of a West Point training, and asserted that in the civil war some of the West Point Generals were failures, while volunteer officers like General Logan and General Miles were superb fighters. Senator Charles A. Towne of Minnesota occupied the chair of the presiding officer while Mr. Allen delivered his speech against the army bill. Senator Mason sent up a note to Mr. Towne in the way of congratulations on his selection, which he said was probably for the purpose of making the punishment fit the crime. Mr. Towne wrote a reply, saying:

"I am now satisfied. One term as a member of the House of Representatives, one month as United States Senator, and one minute as Acting Vice President."

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

Chicago Board of Trade.				
Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close
Jan...	.73 3/4	.74	.72 3/4	.72 3/4
Feb...	.74 3/4	.74 3/4	.72 3/4	.73
May...	.70 3/4	.70 3/4	.70 3/4	.70 3/4
Corn—				
Jan...	.36 3/4	.36 3/4	.36 3/4	.36 3/4
Feb...	.36 3/4	.36 3/4	.36 3/4	.36 3/4
May...	.38 3/4	.38 3/4	.38	.38
Oats—				
Jan...	.24 3/4	.24 3/4	.24 3/4	.24 3/4
May...	.24 3/4	.24 3/4	.24 3/4	.24 3/4
Pork—				
Jan...	13.85	14.00	13.85	13.90
May...	14.25	14.25	13.95	14.00
Lard—				
Jan...	7.37 1/2	7.37 1/2	7.35	7.35
May...	7.52 1/2	7.55	7.45	7.47 1/2
S. Ribs—				
Jan...	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
May...	7.17 1/2	7.20	7.10	7.12 1/2

"Teddy" Stabs Lions to Death.

Meeker, Col., Jan. 17.—William Purdy, cook for the Roosevelt party, brought in news of two desperate encounters between Col. Roosevelt and mountain lions. One large lion, after being treed, leaped into the midst of the pack of dogs. The latter were getting the worst of the fight and "Dexter," the leader, had been put out of the running for several days, when Col. Roosevelt rushed in and ended the lion's life with a knife. A big lioness was shortly afterward run to her den. The dogs followed her into the cave. The lioness ran out and climbed a tree. The dogs killed her kittens and brought them out. This enraged the mother lion and she attacked the whole pack, fighting fiercely. Col. Roosevelt again rushed in with his knife, it being impossible to shoot without hitting some of the dogs, and stabbed the lioness.

Messages to Certain Points in Venezuela Subject to Delay.

New York, Jan. 17.—In connection with dispatches from Washington telling of the seizure by Venezuela of two steamships the West Indies and Panama Cable company last night made a significant announcement. It sent out advices that messages to Carupano, Port Lamar, Cumanagunta, Barcelona and Ciudad Bolivar, Venezuela, would be taken subject to delay and censorship. The censorship undoubtedly is a military measure. Ciudad Bolivar is on the lower Orinoco river and is the principal city in the state of Lizar. Barcelona and Carupano are important seaports on the north coast in the state of Bermudez. All of the places are far to the east of the region in which recently the rebels were defeated. As the forces of Peraza were driven westward the revolutionary movement, which is given as the reason for the seizure of the steamers, is probably a new one.

An explanation of the trouble may be found in the fact that former President Andrade was in San Juan, Porto Rico, recently, planning to go to Venezuela to lead the rebels. He has been strong in the east and may have caused a rising that compelled the Crespo government to adopt extreme measures.

May Be a Carlist Rising.

Bayonne, Jan. 17.—Don Carlos has again authorized his partisans to make preparations for a rising in Catalonia, Navarre and the Basque provinces this spring. This news causes much anxiety in official circles at Madrid, as the authorities are constantly discovering signs of activity among the agents or the pretender. It is well known that large quantities of arms have already been brought into the north of Spain and secreted. The return of John Jaime, the son of the pretender, from China, is said to be connected with the designs of the Carlists.

Short Cabinet Meeting Held.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 17.—The cabinet meeting was held in the private parlor of the white house, and which was the first one held since the president's illness, lasted about thirty minutes. No business question was brought before the meeting.

No Brother or Sister.

Queen Victoria had no full brothers and sister. Through her mother's first marriage with Prince Charles of Leiningen, she had a half-sister, the Princess Frederike, who married Prince Hohenlohe of Langenburg, and a half-brother, Prince Charles of Leiningen, neither of whom is now living.

Chicago Gets Duff House.

The duke of Mifflin has placed Duff house, with its magnificent collection of pictures, at the disposal of the council of the Glasgow international exhibition, the guaranty fund for which now amounts to over half a million sterling.

Ruins Bank and Dies.

St. Joseph, Mo., Jan. 17.—The State Bank of Wathena, six miles west of this city, in Kansas, has been wrecked by the cashier, Jacob F. Harpster, and the wrecker's body is at Bower's undertaking establishment, where he took his life this afternoon by blowing out his brains with a revolver.

DO YOU FEEL LIKE THIS?

Pen Picture for Women.

"I am so nervous, there is not a well inch in my whole body. I am so weak at my stomach and have indigestion horribly, and palpitation of the heart, and I am losing flesh. This headache and backache nearly kills me, and yesterday I nearly had hysterics; there is a weight in the lower part of my bowels bearing down all the time, and pains in my groins and thighs; I cannot sleep, walk, or sit, and I believe I am diseased all over; no one ever suffered as I do."

This is a description of thousands of cases which come to Mrs. Pinkham's attention daily. And inflamed and ulcerated condition of the neck of the womb can produce all of these symptoms.



Mrs. John Williams.

toms, and no woman should allow herself to reach such a perfection of misery when there is absolutely no need of it. The subject of our portrait in this sketch, Mrs. Williams of Englishtown, N. J., has been entirely cured of such illness and misery by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and the guiding advice of Mrs. Pinkham of Lynn, Mass.

No other medicine has such a record for absolute cures, and no other medicine is "just as good." Women who want a cure should insist upon getting Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound when they ask for it at a store. Anyway, write a letter to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., and tell her all your troubles. Her advice is free.

Dowie Loco-Makers Held.

Portland, Me., Jan. 17.—On the steamship Tunisian, which arrived from Liverpool, were thirty-three loco-makers, bound for Zion City, Ill. Acting on advices from the immigration bureau at Washington, Collector Moses refused to allow the party to land until the case was laid before the authorities at Washington. A court of inquiry was convened. Samuel W. Packard of Chicago, appeared as counsel for the loco-makers. The decision was that they be held pending instructions from Washington. The loco-makers are a fine-looking lot of men and women, well supplied with money.

Court Appoints Receivers.

New York, Jan. 17.—Judge Smith, in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, appointed William J. Martin of Brooklyn and Benjamin H. Reeve of Greenport, L. I., temporary receivers of the assets in this state of the Order of Chosen Friends. They were appointed on the motion of lawyers for Herman Popper, a Brooklyn stockholder, who did not want the property of the order in this state to be taken to Indianapolis. The order has about \$15,000 in Brooklyn banks.

Noted California Politician Dies.

Sacramento, Cal., Jan. 17.—Barnabas Collins, assemblyman from Butte county, is dead after a brief illness. He was born in 1836 in Butler county, Ohio, and was a prominent politician of that state. He led the Ohio delegation for Hayes in the presidential struggle of 1876, and was a close friend of the late Senator Sherman. He came to California in 1880, engaging in the practice of law.

Producers of Vaccine Protest.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Efforts are being made by the producers of vaccine to have the agricultural committees of congress omit from the forthcoming agricultural appropriation bill further provision for vaccine made and distributed by the government on the ground that the government distribution is no longer necessary and is an interference with private enterprise.

Train Has Narrow Escape.

Barstow, Cal., Jan. 17.—The Santa Fe Overland No. 8, eastbound from San Francisco for Chicago, ran over a burning bridge at Siberia, seventy miles east of here, all the cars being derailed. The engine alone remained on the track. The passenger coaches maintained their upright position and no one was injured.

Excursion Rates to Winter Resorts

Via the Northwestern Line. Excursion tickets are sold daily, with favorable time limits, to numerous points in the West and South at reduced rates. For tickets and full information, apply to agents Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

Demands \$2,500 by a Threat.

Red Bud, Ill., Jan. 17.—Herman Schreiber of the banking firm of Ohlwin, Schreiber & Co. received a letter informing him that Jan. 19 a red lantern would be placed at a point four miles south of Red Bud, and that unless at 9 p. m. \$2,500, half in gold, should be placed near the lantern, the firms of Helber & Perkins, G. Ziebold and Schreiber Bros. would be destroyed by dynamite. The letter was signed "F. R. B. P." and bore the postmark of Red Bud. Opinion seems to be that the writer is a "crank."

Thirteen Hurt in a Wreck.

Hilliard, Wyo., Jan. 17.—Train No. 1, the west-bound flyer on the Union Pacific, was wrecked on a curve a mile east of Hilliard shortly after 1 o'clock p. m. The train was speeding down Aspen hill at forty-five miles an hour. A broken truck under the head car in the train derailed it, and the six cars following left the rails. The two rear cars, a diner and a chair car, were thrown down an embankment, turning over several times. Thirteen persons were hurt.

Murdered Man Put in Trunk.

New York, Jan. 17.—With every evidence of a brutal murder, the body of Meyer Weisbard of 212 Henry street was discovered cramped into a trunk that had been lying in the bulkhead between two piers in the river for several hours. It was only due to the fact that his life's blood had trickled through the seams of his miserable coffin that Weisbard's body was discovered and recognized.

Amsterdam Electric Plant.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The city council of Amsterdam has voted the sum of 6,000,000 guilders, or \$2,412,000, for an electric plant which is to furnish power for street cars, lighting, etc., for that city. The establishment of this plant will mark an epoch in Amsterdam's progress, says United States Consul Frank D. Hill, at that city, in a report to the state department on the subject.

Fight Duel with Swords.

Paris, Jan. 17.—A duel with swords was fought between M. Urbain Gohier, a well-known antimillionaire writer and author of "The Army Against the Nation," and M. Latapie, a journalist, who considered himself insulted by one of M. Gohier's articles in the Aurora. M. Gohier was severely wounded in the abdomen during the first onslaught and the duel was stopped.

See Dedrick Bros. dry fruit display.

Favorite catsup, very fine, 14 cents per bottle. Dedrick Bros.

No Cheap Work.

HOGAN & CUTLER.

Gallery adjoins Western Union Telegraph Office

STORM SHOES.

Are Something Very New.

in the large cities. They are intended for just this sort of weather and do away with the necessity of rubbers. We have them in two different toes, broad extension edge welt soles in

Velour Galf at \$3.50

Vici Kid at \$3.25.

These are high cut, well made and come in size combinations so that we can fit all feet.

This Style Is the very latest.

We would like to have you see them.

SPENCER.

We have some very fine values in our broken lot section to close out.

Special January Clearing Sale.

For the next thirty days we will give the people of Janesville the benefit of our semi-annual clearing sale. Not old goods, but up-to-date goods, some of our best sellers. But to close out what we have, will give these

Cut Prices for 30 Days

Come now and get the benefit. Our Bargain Table is full of bargains—not quite the style, but the best quality, and all go at 98 cents.

Remember the Place.

West End of Bridge.

C. C. BENNETT SHOE CO.

THE FOOT-FITTING SHOE MEN.

DAILY EXCURSIONS TO CALIFORNIA

Through first-class and Tourist Sleeping Cars to points in California and Oregon every day in the year from Chicago.

...Personally Conducted Excursions...

Every Thursday from Chicago.

Lowest Rates, Shortest Time On The Road, Finest Scenery.

Only route by which you can leave home any day in the week and travel in tourist cars on fast trains all the way. For descriptive pamphlets and full information inquire of nearest agent.

Chicago & North-Western Railway.

Subscribe For The Gazette

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

C. & N. W. RY.	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Chicago	* 4:30 am	* 12:10 pm
Chicago, via Clinton	* 5:40 am	* 9:25 pm
Chicago, via Clinton	* 7:40 am	* 8:00 pm
Chicago, via Clinton	* 12:35 pm	* 11:35 pm
Chicago, via Clinton	* 1:45 pm	* 12:25 pm
Chicago	* 10:10 pm	
Chicago	* 2:10 pm	* 7:50 pm
Chicago, via Beloit and Belvidere	* 7:00 am	* 6:55 pm
Chicago, via Beloit and Belvidere	* 2:15 pm	
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Onarga and Belvidere	* 8:20 am	* 11:50 am
Beloit, Rockford, Freeport, Onarga and Denver	* 2:10 pm	* 7:50 pm
Beloit and Rockford	* 7:00 am	* 7:08 pm
Beloit and Rockford	* 3:15 pm	* 8:05 am
Beloit, Rockford and Belvidere	* 8:20 am	* 7:50 pm
Beloit, Rockford and Belvidere	* 8:30 pm	* 10:40 pm
Beloit	* 8:45 am	* 10:00 am
Beloit	* 10:45 am	
Beloit, Harvard and Chicago, Sunday only	* 2:15 pm	
Watertown, Fond du Lac and Green Bay	* 7:00 am	* 7:55 pm
Watertown, Fond du Lac and Green Bay	* 12:45 pm	* 12:15 pm
Watertown, Waukesha and Milwaukee	* 8:05 am	* 12:15 pm
Watertown, Waukesha and Milwaukee	* 12:45 pm	* 7:50 pm
Watertown	* 8:10 pm	* 7:35 am
Freight	* 4:00 pm	* 4:00 pm
Evansville, Brooklyn, Oregon in 1 Madison	* 8:00 pm	* 8:20 pm
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 6:35 am	* 7:30 am
Evansville, Madison, La Crosse and Dakota points	* 12:45 am	* 7:15 pm
Evansville, Madison and La Crosse	* 11:20 am	
Evansville, Madison and St. Paul	* 9:30 pm	* 6:30 am
Evansville, Madison and St. Paul	* 12:10 am	* 4:30 am
Evansville, Madison, St. Paul and Dakota points	* 12:45 am	* 2:50 pm
Evansville, Madison and St. Paul	* 7:30 am	
Jennevile, Clinton, Davenport, Rock Island	* 8:20 am	* 7:50 pm
* Daily.		
* Daily except Sunday.		
* Sunday only.		

Rubber Soles, Rubber Heels
This work I am giving special attention
Wet weather will soon be here. Prepare
for it by having rubber heels and soles. Re-
pairing at reasonable prices.
O. P. BRUNSON, Opposite Court
House Park

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

Ladies' Jackets At Exact One-Half Price....

\$20 ladies' cloth Jackets,	\$10.00
15 " " "	7.50
10 " " "	5.00
5 " " "	2.50

We have made the final reduction in Ladies' Jackets. They are the famous Beifeld Jackets and each one

Guaranteed First-Class in Fit, Style and workmanship...

We have about 100 in stock, and have decided to offer them at just one-half price—this is a square deal—no mark up in the price. This sweeping-offer makes it possible for you to secure the finest Melton, Kersey or Bearer Jacket at the price of a very ordinary garment. All the season we have prided ourselves on having the best \$10 Jacket in the city. Fine all wool material, strictly tailor made, lined throughout with Skinner's guaranteed satin, now at \$5.00 you will never see the equal of them again.

If you are going to buy a garment don't miss this chance. The sooner you pick out your jacket the greater bargain you may expect to get.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

The Popular Place.

No matter how little, or how much you pay, you are bound to get your

Money's Worth

This store without a bargain would be like a plum pudding without plums. * * *

THESE ARE BARGAINS!

3 lb. can nice table peaches, light syrup	14c
3 " " extra fine pie peaches (Packed for table use)	12c
2 " " Russian sweet peas (Regular price 18c)	12c
1 " " Gold dust asparagus, very nice	15c
3 " " Grant tomatoes	8c
1 " Package fancy uncolored Japan tea dust	23c

DEDRICK BROS.

SPOT CASH GROCERS.

TELEPHONE NO. 9

65 WEST MILWAUKEE STREET.

ORDERS DELIVERED C. O. D.

It will mean a saving of considerable money for you to keep close watch of our space.

NORCROSS SAYS IT IS A FAILURE

(Continued From Page 1.)

One was by P. D. Waggoner of Schenectady, N. Y., on "The series incandescent lighting of the future," and the third by Professor D. C. Jackson of the Wisconsin university on "Education of central station employees."

The present convention is the ninth which the association will have held. The board of officers will be elected this afternoon, and a banquet will be held in the evening.

The Northwestern Electrical association embraces in its membership the territory bounded by Ohio and Colorado on the east and west and Minnesota and Southern Illinois on the north and south.

IN MURDER AND RIOT.

Shooting, and Blowing Up of a Store in Kentucky.

Corbin, Ky., Jan. 17.—Several persons are dead—how many it is impossible to ascertain—many more injured, a store wrecked, a riot raging and this town terror-stricken as the result of a love affair in which a girl's sweetheart was opposed by her father. Underneath the demolished store lie several of the dead, while still others strew the streets. The body of one young girl, a disinterested pedestrian, was recovered before armed marauders drove the officials and citizens from the scene of the shooting. The dead girl's name was Susan Cox. Several of the occupants of the wrecked grocery store were able to extricate themselves from the ruins, but others were caught and crushed to death. As the injured began to emerge and rescuing parties began to attack the ruins to save those imprisoned, concealed riflemen fired at both rescuers and injured. The rescuers retreated and then several more volleys of shots from the unseen riflemen deterred them from making renewed efforts to clear the ruins of victims.

ARMY OFFICERS DID NOT HISS

Congressman Wanger of Pennsylvania Corrects a Wrong Impression.

West Point, N. Y., Jan. 17.—When the congressional committee met at the military academy and before any witnesses were called Congressman Wanger of Pennsylvania addressed the committee. He referred to the published reports of the hissing which interrupted the proceedings of the committee yesterday, when Mr. Driggs asked Cadet Deen if his failure to remember whom he had hazed was due to a "convenient memory."

Mr. Wanger said that in at least two

newspapers army officers were charged with taking part in the hissing. He desired, however, to express his firm belief that no expression of disapprobation was made by any army officer present at the time. He was pleased to hear that Col. Hein, acting superintendent of the academy, had instituted a thorough inquiry regarding the matter. Mr. Wanger said since the committee had been treated with the utmost courtesy by all the officers he would be sorry should any erroneous impression become prevalent throughout the country.

Gen. Dick and all the committeemen concurred with the view of the Pennsylvania representative, and the matter was then dropped.

Cadet Birchle O. Mahaffy of Texas, who was a classmate of Former Cadet Booz, was called and sworn.

Judge Smith examined the witness, and after perusing Mahaffy's testimony he said that the evidence given by the witness this morning was in no way different from that on the military court's records.

GUGGENHEIMS SELL OUT.

Valuable Plants in Colorado Bought by Smelting Trust.

Denver, Col., Jan. 17.—The News prints the following upon the authority of a New York man, who has just arrived in Denver:

"The absorption of the Guggenheim smelting plants by the American smelting trust has been accomplished. Daniel Guggenheim has been named as chairman of the board of directors, with headquarters in New York, and extensive changes in methods of carrying on the work of the gigantic concern will be announced at an early day. The Guggenheims are given 55 per cent of the stock of the company, the total capitalization being \$100,000,000. According to plans which are known to principal men in the consolidated corporation, the financial magnates who are handling the negotiations have agreed that E. W. Nash of Omaha, is to continue as president of the company, and ex-Gov. J. B. Grant of this city, is to continue as chairman of the operating board.

"Among the radical changes decided upon is the abolishment of general managers of the different plants. Up to the present time nearly every one of the plants has had a general manager at a salary ranging from \$15,000 to \$25,000 a year. This plan, with other cutting of expenses, it is said, will effect a saving of \$500,000."

Trying on Costumes.

The Queen of Holland, accompanied by her mother, is to visit Paris shortly for the purpose of shopping and trying on the various costumes for her approaching wedding. No official visits will be made, and apartments at one of the hotels have already been conditionally engaged.—Exchange.

SUES ON SPALDING BOND.

University of Illinois Seeks to Recover \$600,000.

Nashua, N. H., Jan. 17.—The suit of the University of Illinois against Solomon Spalding to recover \$600,000, the amount of Charles W. Spalding's bond as treasurer of the university's funds, is now on hearing here.

The evidence will be mainly in the nature of expert testimony on handwriting, David N. Carvalho, of New York, of Molleaux fame, being the chief expert. Dr. Ellwell of the University of Chicago is another handwriting expert who will testify. The fight is on the point raised by the defense that one name has been erased from the bond and another substituted. The opening for the plaintiff was made by United States Attorney Charles J. Hamblett, who stated the case in brief as follows:

"On March 12, 1895, Charles W. Spalding was elected treasurer of the University of Illinois by the trustees of that institution and he was required to file a bond. Part of the duties of the treasurer was the care and custody of the university's money. The bond was placed at \$600,000. Charles W. Spalding qualified on June 11, 1895. Among the signers of his bond was Solomon Spalding of this city."

The opening for the defense was made by George B. French, who said the defense would be that the writing was not Solomon Spalding's deed; that the bond had been materially altered since Mr. Spalding signed; that the name of the second security after Mr. Spalding had been erased and the name of Allison W. Harlan substituted without the consent of Mr. Spalding, and that the plaintiff had already received full payment for all damages.

Mr. Spalding will go on the stand. He is 90 years of age, but retains all of his faculties to a marked degree.

Sand Spouts from a Well. While boring for a well near Lake, Mich., on the farm of Frank Fowler, the workmen struck a stratum of sand at a depth of 110 feet. In a few moments the well began to spout sand, which rose in a cloud several feet above the nozzle, like a fountain, and was scattered by the wind.

RIDER'S RACKET STORE.

A GREAT VARIETY OF Bargains in 5 and 10c Goods....

The best part of the variety is that every article is a household necessity. New bargains appear every day. If you want a nice lamp for ordinary use, see ours at 20-25-35-40 or 45c. Games for the winter evenings are cheaper now than they have been. Our toy department is always full. We sell them every day in the year.

163 W. MILWAUKEE STREET.

Our Bakery Methods

Ore entirely different from those of the average bakery. Neatness is observed here at all times. We invite inspection of our shop at all hours of the day or night. Our sales of

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bread have doubled of late.

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Special Reduction —ON— House Wiring.

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Take Clark's Red Cross Electric Natural Mineral Water.

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New Store, New Location.

We take this means of informing our friends that we are in our new store ready for business. We carry a general stock including

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Give us a call. Prices that we make are as low as the lowest.

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Clearing Sale on all Blankets.....

I will make special low prices from now on on all horse blankets in stock, less than wholesale prices.

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